Time: 3 hrs.

Note:

- 1. All questions are compulsory with internal options.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.

Q. 1 (A) Choose the correct alternative from the given options

(10)

- (1) Which of the following is not the social insurance programme?
 - A) Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana
 - B) National Saving Certificate
 - C) Prime Minister Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana
 - D) Rajiv Gandhi Suraksha Bima Yojna
- (2) Deficit financing is resorted when -
 - A) Public expenditure > Public Revenue
 - B) Public expenditure < Public Revenue
 - C) Public expenditure = Public Revenue
 - D) Capital expenditure > Capital Revenue
- (3) Which of the following deficit is a more comprehensive measure of budgetary imbalances?
 - A) Revenue deficit
 - B) Budgetary deficit
 - C) Fiscal deficit
 - D) Primary deficit
- (4) A dead weight debt is-
 - A. Self-liquidating
 - B. Unproductive
 - C. Increases productive efficiency
 - D. Not burdensome to the economy
- (5) After war, people's tax tolerance level -
 - A) Reduces
 - B) Remains the same
 - C) Becomes zero
 - D) Increases
- (6) Which is indirect tax?
 - A) Corporate income tax
 - B) Capital gains tax
 - C) Customs duty
 - D) Gift tax
- (7) Total surplus =
 - A) Value to buyers Cost to sellers
 - B) Value to sellers Cost to buyers
 - C) Value to bankers Cost to sellers
 - D) Value to buyers Cost to investors
- (8) The origin of the term functional finance is attributed to -
 - A) JM Keynes
 - B) AC Pigou
 - C) AB Lerner
 - D) Richard Musgrave

	A) Balanced budget B) Neutral budget C) Surplus budget D) Deficit budget According to Say's Law - A) Budget deficits do not stimulate the economy B) Supply creates its own demand C) The government shall maintain a reasonable level of demand for all	
(B) (1) (2)	Explain the following concepts (Any 5) in not more than 30 words. Marginal social benefit Public goods	(10)
(4)	Proportional tax	
(a) (b) (c)	Answer the following (any 2) Explain the scope and functions of public finance. Explain the Dalton's principle of maximum social advantage. How will the government help in solving the problem of market failure?	(20)
(a)	Answer the following (any 2) What are the sources of public revenue? Elaborate on the effects of taxation.	(20)
(a) (b)	Answer the following (any 2) Show the classification of public expenditure. What are the causes of growth of public expenditure? Bring out the significance of public expenditure	(20)
(a)	Answer the following (any 2) Explain the principle of functional finance. Explain the objectives of public budget.	(20)
	(10) (B)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(8) (a)(b)(c) (a)(c	B) Neutral budget C) Surplus budget D) Deficit budget (10) According to Say's Law - A) Budget deficits do not stimulate the economy B) Supply creates its own demand C) The government shall maintain a reasonable level of demand for all times D) The capitalist system will collapse due to inherent crisis (1) Marginal social benefit (2) Public goods (3) Direct tax (4) Proportional tax (5) Unproductive debt (6) Displacement effect (7) Balanced budget Fiscal deficit Answer the following (any 2) (a) Explain the scope and functions of public finance. (b) Explain the palton's principle of maximum social advantage. (c) How will the government help in solving the problem of market failure? Answer the following (any 2) (a) What are the sources of public revenue? (b) Elaborate on the effects of taxation. (c) Compare the impact, incidence and shifting of tax. Answer the following (any 2) (a) Show the classification of public expenditure. (b) What are the causes of growth of public expenditure? Answer the following (any 2) (a) Show the classification of public expenditure. (b) Explain the principle of functional finance. (c) Explain the principle of functional finance. (d) Explain the objectives of public budget. Explain the objectives of public budget. Explain the objectives of public budget.