

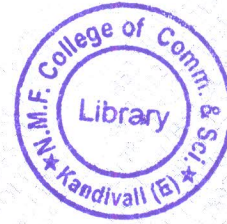
(2 ½ hours)

Total marks: 75

N. B (1) All questions are compulsory

(2) All questions have internal choice

(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks



Q1. A. Choose the correct alternative: (Any eight)

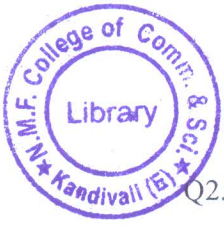
(08)

1. The Eightfold path was given by _____.
(Jesus Christ, Buddha, Mahavira)
2. Among the states, _____ has the highest literacy rate.
(Kerala, Maharashtra, Haryana)
3. _____ is the main reason of female foeticide.
(Preference for male child, Unemployment, Globalisation)
4. _____ is a form of social violence against women.
(Eve teasing, Abduction, Dowry harassment)
5. Belgaum border dispute between the States of Karnataka and Maharashtra is an example of _____.
(Regionalism, linguism, Casteism)
6. _____ arises out of religious fundamentalism.
(Communalism, Nationalism, Racism)
7. Caste system is a form of _____ stratification.
(Political, economic, social)
8. The _____ specifies the power of parliament to amend the Constitution and the procedure of it.
(Article 368, Article 344, Article 246)
9. _____ functions at the village level.
(Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti, Gram Panchayat)
10. 73rd Amendment of the Indian Constitution is related to _____.
(Parliamentary system, independent judiciary, Panchayati Raj)

Q1. B. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False': (any seven)

(07)

1. Demography is a study of population.
2. Unemployment rate is very high in rural areas as compared to urban areas.
3. After cataract, glaucoma is the second most common cause of blindness.
4. National Institute for Mentally Handicapped is located at Secunderabad.
5. Caste system has created an egalitarian society.
6. Political justice is meaningless without economic justice.
7. Regional conflicts do not damage the integrity and unity of the nation.
8. Financial emergency can be declared under Article 360 of the Indian Constitution.
9. Municipal Commissioner is appointed by the State Government.
10. Participation of women in politics in India is very heartening.



Q2.A. Examine the factors responsible for declining gender-ratio in India. (15)

OR

Q2. B. State the causes and types of physical disabilities.

Q3. A. Define communalism. Explain the factors responsible for the growth of communalism in India. (15)

OR

Q3. B. Discuss the inequalities caused by the caste system.

Q4. A. Describe the fundamental duties of the citizens of India. (15)

OR

Q4. B. Explain the features of the Indian Constitution.

Q5. A. Analyze the features and functions of the political parties in India. (15)

OR

Q5. B Write short notes on the following: (any three)

1. Linguistic diversity
2. Communal harmony
3. Characteristics of rural India
4. Role of women in politics
5. 74th amendment to the Indian Constitution
